

(Question to be started here)

Answer all questions.

Part - A

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Choose the correct answers

1. Research basically is _____.
a) A point of view
b) An attitude of enquiry
c) A step-wise-step exploration
d) All the above
2. _____ is a way to systematically solve the research problem.
a) Research methodology
b) Research design
c) Research process
d) Research operation
3. _____ is a blue print of action.
a) Research image
b) Research design
c) Research process
d) Research building
4. _____ is the principle of an experimental design.
a) Local country
b) Reference
c) Cost sheet
d) Randomization
5. _____ is the part of the population or universe selected for the purpose of investigation.
a) Research
b) Sample
c) Research design
d) Research process
6. Convenience sampling is also called as the _____ sampling.
a) Sunk
b) Tank
c) Chunk
d) Multi stage
7. Data which is collected by someone other than the users is known as _____.
a) Primary data
b) group data
c) raw data
d) secondary data
8. Face to face interview is also called as _____.
a) clinical interview
b) telephone interview
c) personal interview
d) focus interview
9. _____ cannot proceed without analysis.
a) Interpretation
b) Tabulation
c) Classification
d) Generalisation
10. _____ is an integral part of a research process.
a) Classification
b) Report writing
c) Interpretation
d) Analysis

Part – B

(5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL the Questions Choosing either (a) or (b) Answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. a) Distinguish between pure research and applied research.

(Or)

b) Define “research”. Why is it necessary?

12. a) What are the factors affecting the research design?

(Or)

b) Explain the advantages of the research design.

13. a) Examine the factors which determine the sample size.

(Or)

b) Explain the needs for sampling.

14. a) What do you mean by unstructured interview?

(Or)

b) Distinguish between questionnaire and schedule.

15. a) Explain the techniques of interpretation.

(Or)

b) What is the purpose of a research report?

PART – C (5X8=40 marks)

Answer ALL the Questions Choosing either (a) or (b) Answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. a) Explain the stages involved in the formulation of research process.

(Or)

b) What are the essential qualities of a good researcher?

17. a) Elaborate the different types of research design.

(Or)

b) What are the features of good research design?

18. a) Write the merits and demerits of sampling.

(Or)

b) Explain the techniques and usefulness of multistage sampling.

19. a) Mention the sources of secondary data.

(Or)

b) Explain the steps that you would adopt to make interview a success.

20. a) What are the precaution to taken during interpretation

(Or)

b) What are steps to be followed in writing a research report?